

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 123—EXPRESSING THE SENSE OF CONGRESS THAT THE FUTURE OF TAIWAN SHOULD BE RESOLVED PEACEFULLY, THROUGH A DEMOCRATIC MECHANISM, WITH THE EXPRESS CONSENT OF THE PEOPLE OF TAIWAN AND FREE FROM OUTSIDE THREATS, INTIMIDATION, OR INTERFERENCE

Mr. TORRICELLI submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations:

S. CON. RES. 123

Whereas in the San Francisco Peace Treaty signed on September 8, 1951 (3 U. S. T. 3169) (in this resolution referred to as the "treaty"), Japan renounced all right, title, and claim to Taiwan;

Whereas the signatories of the treaty left the status of Taiwan undetermined;

Whereas the universally accepted principle of self-determination is enshrined in Article 1 of the United Nations Charter;

Whereas the United States is a signatory of the United Nations Charter;

Whereas the United States recognizes and supports that the right to self-determination exists as a fundamental right of all peoples, as set forth in numerous United Nations instruments;

Whereas the people of Taiwan are committed to the principles of freedom, justice, and democracy as evidenced by the March 18, 2000, election of Mr. Chen Shui-bian as Taiwan's President;

Whereas the 1993 Montevideo Convention on Rights and Duties of States defines the qualifications of a nation-state as a defined territory, a permanent population, and a government capable of entering into relations with other states;

Whereas on February 24, 2000, and March 8, 2000, President Clinton stated: "We will ... continue to make absolutely clear that the issues between Beijing and Taiwan must be resolved peacefully and with the assent of the people of Taiwan";

Whereas both the 2000 Republican party platform and the Democratic party platform emphasized and made clear the belief that the future of Taiwan should be determined with the consent of the people of Taiwan; and

Whereas Deputy Secretary of State Richard Armitage said in a Senate Foreign Relations Committee hearing on March 16, 2001, that "what has changed is that any eventual agreement that is arrived at has to be acceptable to the majority of the people on Taiwan": Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That it is the sense of Congress that—

(1) the future of Taiwan should be resolved peacefully, through a democratic mechanism such as a plebiscite and with the express consent of the people of Taiwan; and

(2) the future of Taiwan must be decided by the people of Taiwan without outside threats, intimidation, or interference.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED—JUNE 24, 2002

SA 3970. Mr. DURBIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2514, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2003 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction,

and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

In lieu of the matter proposed to be inserted, insert the following:

TITLE XIII—COAST GUARD AUTHORIZATION

SEC. 1301. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2002".

SEC. 1302. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

The table of contents for this title is as follows:

Sec. 1301. Short title.

Sec. 1302. Table of contents.

SUBTITLE A—AUTHORIZATION

Sec. 1311. Authorization of appropriations.

Sec. 1312. Authorized levels of military strength and training.

Sec. 1313. LORAN-C.

Sec. 1314. Patrol craft.

Sec. 1315. Caribbean support tender.

SUBTITLE B—PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT

Sec. 1321. Coast Guard band director rank.

Sec. 1322. Compensatory absence for isolated duty.

Sec. 1323. Suspension of retired pay of Coast Guard members who are absent from the United States to avoid prosecution.

Sec. 1324. Extension of Coast Guard housing authorities.

Sec. 1325. Accelerated promotion of certain Coast Guard officers.

Sec. 1326. Regular lieutenant commanders and commanders; continuation on failure of selection for promotion.

Sec. 1327. Reserve officer promotion

Sec. 1328. Reserve Student Pre-Commissioning Assistance Program.

Sec. 1329. Continuation on active duty beyond 30 years.

Sec. 1330. Payment of death gratuities on behalf of Coast Guard Auxiliaries.

Sec. 1331. Align Coast Guard severance pay and revocation of commission authority with Department of Defense authority.

SUBTITLE C—MARINE SAFETY

Sec. 1351. Modernization of national distress and response system.

Sec. 1352. Extension of Territorial Sea for Vessel Bridge-to-Bridge Radiotelephone Act.

Sec. 1353. Icebreaking services.

Sec. 1354. Modification of various reporting requirements.

Sec. 1355. Oil Spill Liability Trust Fund; emergency fund advancement authority.

Sec. 1356. Merchant mariner documentation requirements.

Sec. 1357. Penalties for negligent operations and interfering with safe operation.

Sec. 1358. Fishing vessel safety training.

Sec. 1359. Extend time for recreational vessel and associated equipment recalls.

Sec. 1360. Safety equipment requirement.

Sec. 1361. Marine casualty investigations involving foreign vessels.

Sec. 1362. Maritime Drug Law Enforcement Act amendments.

Sec. 1363. Temporary certificates of documentation for recreational vessels.

SUBTITLE D—RENEWAL OF ADVISORY GROUPS

Sec. 1371. Commercial Fishing Industry Vessel Advisory Committee.

Sec. 1372. Houston-Galveston Navigation Safety Advisory Committee.

Sec. 1373. Lower Mississippi River Waterway Advisory Committee.

Sec. 1374. Navigation Safety Advisory Council.

Sec. 1375. National Boating Safety Advisory Council.

Sec. 1376. Towing Safety Advisory Committee.

SUBTITLE E—MISCELLANEOUS

Sec. 1381. Conveyance of Coast Guard property in Portland, Maine.

Sec. 1382. Harbor safety committees.

Sec. 1383. Limitation of liability of pilots at Coast Guard Vessel Traffic Services.

Sec. 1384. Conforming references to the former Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee.

Sec. 1385. Long-term lease authority for lighthouse property.

Sec. 1386. Electronic filing of commercial instruments for vessels.

Sec. 1387. Radio direction finding apparatus carriage requirement.

Sec. 1388. Wing-in-ground craft.

Sec. 1389. Deletion of thumbprint requirement for merchant mariners' documents.

Sec. 1390. Authorization of payment.

Sec. 1391. Additional Coast Guard funding needs after September 11, 2001.

Sec. 1392. Repeal of special authority to revoke endorsements.

Sec. 1393. Prearrival messages from vessels destined to United States ports.

Sec. 1394. Safety and security of ports and waterways.

Sec. 1395. Pictured Rocks National Lakeshore boundary division.

Sec. 1396. Administrative waiver.

Sec. 1397. Vessel STUYVESANT.

Sec. 1398. Escanaba dock.

SUBTITLE A—AUTHORIZATION

SEC. 1311. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) FISCAL YEAR 2002.—Funds are authorized to be appropriated for necessary expenses of the Coast Guard for fiscal year 2002, as follows:

(1) For the operation and maintenance of the Coast Guard, \$4,533,000,000, of which—

(A) \$25,000,000 is authorized to be derived from the Oil Spill Liability Trust Fund; and

(B) \$537,000,000 is authorized for activities associated with improving maritime security, including maritime domain awareness and law enforcement operations.

(2) For the acquisition, construction, rebuilding, and improvement of aids to navigation, shore and offshore facilities, vessels, and aircraft, including equipment related thereto, \$985,000,000 of which—

(A) \$20,000,000 is authorized to be derived from the Oil Spill Liability Trust Fund to carry out the purposes of section 1012(a)(5) of the Oil Pollution Act of 1990;

(B) \$50,000,000 is authorized to be available for equipment and facilities associated with improving maritime security awareness, crisis prevention, and response; and

(C) \$338,000,000 is authorized to be available to implement the Coast Guard's Integrated Deepwater system.

(3) For research, development, test, and evaluation of technologies, materials, and human factors directly relating to improving the performance of the Coast Guard's mission in support of search and rescue, aids to navigation, marine safety, marine environmental protection, enforcement of laws and treaties, ice operations, oceanographic research, and defense readiness, \$22,000,000, to remain available until expended, of which \$3,500,000 is authorized to be derived from the Oil Spill Liability Trust Fund.

(4) For retired pay (including the payment of obligations otherwise chargeable to lapsed